

Fair; cooler tonight. Tomorrow fair. Light to fresh northwesterly winds.

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NAN PATTERSON'S MOTHER OF HEART

Father Summoned in Haste From the Side of His Daughter.

COLLAPSED YESTERDAY

Mrs. J. B. Patterson Overwhelmed by Daughter's Arraignment.

Broken-hearted and inconsolable, Mrs. John B. Patterson, mother of Nan Patterson, who is accused of having killed Caesar Young in a cab in New York city, is believed to be dying in her apartments in the Franklin Flats, 1911 Fourteenth Street northwest.

The mother had a premonition that her daughter would be unable to stand the strain of being arraigned yesterday and would break down, and she herself collapsed at the thought of her daughter standing at a bar of justice to answer the awful charge of murder. The family physician was summoned and remained with her almost all day and part of the night. Her heart is now affected, and her recovery is a matter of grave doubt.

John B. Patterson, Nan's father, who has been with his daughter since she was sent to the Tombs to await trial, and has visited her every day since, was compelled to leave her at her most trying hour and come to Washington. He arrived here last evening, haggard and wan, as though he had been through as trying an ordeal as his daughter.

Called to Wife's Bedside.

Mr. Patterson was called to the bedside of his wife in order that he might be near her, should the end come within the next few days, although bowed with old age and grief and sorely troubled at the plight of his daughter.

The man was even more affected when he arrived home and found his wife on what he thought to be her deathbed. Although the mother of the accused girl had heard through various agencies that her daughter had been arraigned, pleaded not guilty, and was remanded to the Tombs again to await trial, she believed that it was the truth only when told by her husband.

When Mrs. Patterson heard of the arrest of her daughter, about two weeks ago, she was prostrated with grief and predicted that it would kill her. The father immediately hurried to New York, where he retained counsel for the girl and exerted every possible effort to have her released. All attempts proved futile, and he was forced to accept the fact that the girl's grief-stricken mother, who has wept unceasingly since the arrest.

Yesterday, the bright, smiling, vivacious girl of several weeks ago, but now broken down until she has the appearance of a woman twice her age, was arraigned and entered a plea of not guilty. She had been coached for standing the ordeal and bore up bravely.

Had Given Way Under Strain.

While on her way back to the Tombs and crossing the Bridge of Sighs, her feeble father told her that he would have to leave her to come to Washington. An intimate friend of the Patterson family had come to New York and imparted the intelligence that her mother had collapsed, that her heart had weakened under the strain, and that she was then in a precarious condition. When the girl learned this she swooned, and it was only after the hardest kind of work on the part of two medical men, a physician that she regained consciousness, only to collapse again and again, weeping as though she could never be comforted.

After showering his daughter with kisses and kisses and begging her to bear up and be brave, the aged father hurried to the Tombs, where he found his wife, and with friends, relatives, and a physician gathered around her.

Mrs. Patterson was slightly improved this morning, but was reported to be weak, and still suffering from her weakened heart. The family physician said and remained some time with the patient. He hopes for the best, but it is believed the continued strain will ultimately prove too much for his patient.

NAN PATTERSON'S TRIAL TO WAIT ON SMITHS

NEW YORK, June 22.—Although Attorney Levy, who is representing Nan Patterson, says he will make every effort to have the case called in July, this is regarded as improbable. District Attorney Hand regards Morgan Smith and his wife as important witnesses who can give testimony material to a conviction and says he will not put the girl on trial until those witnesses are apprehended. He has a corps of detectives scouring several cities for the couple, and despite the fact that they have not the slightest clue as to their whereabouts, he believes they will be found within a week or two and be compelled to testify as to the purchase of the revolver with which Young was killed.

The New York police have repeatedly said the Washington authorities had been asked to look for the Smiths and were not on the trail in this city, but this is not a fact, according to the statement made by Captain Boardman. The chief of the local detective service denies that his office has been asked to co-operate with the Gotham authorities. It is not believed by the local police authorities that the Smiths are here.

SALOONKEEPER SHOT WIDOW WHO REFUSED TO MARRY HIM

NEW YORK, June 22.—Frank Shannon, a Green Point saloonkeeper, living at 235 Driggs Avenue, shot and killed Mrs. Bridget Lee, of the same address, at an early hour this morning, and then killed himself.

It is said that Shannon was in love with the widow, who was a widow, and shot her because she would not consent to marry him. Mrs. Lee's two little children witnessed the tragedy.

PERDICARIS ALIVE OR RAISUL DEAD, IS HAY'S DEMAND

State Department, Satisfied That Morocco Is Not Exercising Good Faith, Sends Peremptory Instructions.

"Perdicaris alive, or Raisul dead." These are the instructions which the State Department sent to United States Consul General Gummere, at Tangier, this afternoon, after receiving a dispatch from Admiral Chadwick which indicated that negotiations for the release of Perdicaris and Varley are not progressing satisfactorily, and that there is reason to believe the Moroccan government is not acting in good faith.

It is not the purpose of the United States to trifle longer with the Sultan of Morocco and the bandit leader Raisul. These instructions are more sweeping

than any sent previously by Secretary Hay, and emphasize Mr. Gummere to take any steps he may believe necessary for the rescue of the captives.

Dispatches from Morocco indicate that the American warships and the British man-of-war in Tangier Harbor are ready to throw an armed expedition on shore at a moment's notice. The dispatches announce unrest among the savage tribes, which makes it almost certain that British and American land forces will be required to protect foreign interests.

Ritchie-Maloney Wedding Attended With Much Pomp

Cardinal Satolli Performs Ceremony and Administers Papal Blessing—Official Dignity and Churchly Magnificence.

SPRING LAKE, N. J., June 22.—A wedding which surpassed in official dignity and churchly magnificence any marriage in this country for many years, was solemnized in St. Catherine's Roman Catholic Church here, at 11 o'clock this morning.

The contracting parties were Margaret Frances Maloney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Maloney, of 229 West Logan Square, Philadelphia, and Louis Carbery Ritchie, of Washington, D. C.

Satolli Performs Ceremony.

The ceremony was performed by his eminence, Cardinal Satolli, of Rome. He also celebrated the low nuptial mass and administered the papal blessing. The cardinal was attired in his vestments and was attended by two priests who accompanied him from Rome.

Shortly after 11 o'clock the bride entered the church on the arm of her father and marched to the altar, led by ushers and her attendants, where they were met by Mr. Ritchie and his best man, Abner Cloud Ritchie, a brother.

Pale in her gorgeous wedding finery which was purchased abroad, the bride showed unmistakable signs of nervousness.

She wore a beautiful gown of white liberty gauze. It was elaborately tucked with hand-run tucks and trimmed with a puffing of the gauze, shirred with a double heading. The gown was further elaborately adorned with a beautiful red point de gaze lace, quantities of it looping and festooning the entire gown.

She wore a tulle veil and carried a huge shower bouquet of lilies of the valley.

Attended by Her Sister.

She was attended by her sister, Helen Maloney, as maid of honor, who wore a particularly becoming gown. Her frock was of a square neck, point de lace, and the skirt was cut two inches from the ground and very full. The trimming was a corded puffing of white chiffon, intricately and artistically braided on the net.

She carried a large bouquet of yellow daisies tied with narrow white ribbon of lilies of the valley.

Their hats were of valenciennes lace ruffles, the only trimming being a large lace bow in the front. Their bouquets consisted of large branches of white daisies tied with narrow white ribbon, on which, like the maid of honor's bouquets, hung sprays of lilies of the valley.

The Ushers.

The ushers were Graham Hume, Rawlin Hume, and Clark Waggaman, of Washington; Dr. S. Logan Owens, of New Orleans; J. Walter Atlantic, of Eastland, Va.; William C. Elgin, J. A. Devereaux, and John J. Sullivan, of Philadelphia; Lewis Audenreid, of Philadelphia, who was to have officiated as an usher, was prevented from acting owing to the death of Mrs. Charles Y. Audenreid, a relative.

Groom's Attendants.

Mr. Ritchie was attended by his brother, Abner Cloud Ritchie. Miss Helen Maloney, sister of the bride, acted as maid of honor. The bridesmaids were Miss Ada Cochran of New York, Miss Maud H. McCall of Washington, Miss Madeline Schriener of Baltimore.

WEATHER REPORT.

There will be showers tonight on the middle Atlantic coast, and showers on the south Atlantic coast and in eastern Florida; elsewhere in the East and South the weather will be fair tonight and Thursday.

TEMPERATURE.

9 a. m. 72
12 noon 80
5 p. m. 80
2 p. m. 81

DOWNTOWN TEMPERATURE.

9 a. m. 79
12 noon 85
5 p. m. 85
2 p. m. 89

THE SUN.

Sun sets tomorrow, 7:28 a. m.
Sun rises tomorrow, 4:35 a. m.

TIDE TABLE.
High tide today, 3:23 a. m.
Low tide today, 9:56 a. m.
High tide tomorrow, 3:35 a. m., 4:24 p. m.
Low tide tomorrow, 10:40 a. m., 10:52 p. m.

FIVE THOUSAND RUSSIANS LOST AT HAI-CHENG

Two Days' Battle Fought on Liao-Tung Peninsula.

RUSS DESTROYERS SINK

Strike Mines at Entrance to Port Arthur Harbor—Reported by Junk.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 22.—A telegram has reached here of a severe battle lasting two days, near Hai-Cheng, Liao-Tung Peninsula.

It is rumored that the Russian casualties were 168 officers and 5,000 men.

TO AWAIT OYAMA'S COMING.

ROME, June 22.—The Tokyo correspondent of the "Agenzia Libera" reports that until the arrival of Marshal Oyama at Taku-Shan no serious advance will be made by the forces in Manchuria. This is made necessary by the fact of General Kuropatkin's concentration at Liao-Yang.

General Kuroki, he says, has been ordered to modify his plans. Instead of marching northward he will re-enforce the armies of Generals Nodzu and Oku.

RUSSIAN SHIPS STRIKE MINES.

TOKYO, June 22.—The crew of a junk which left Port Arthur a few days ago and which was captured by the Japanese, reports that two Russian destroyers and the steamer Shin-Tai-Ping struck mines at the entrance to Port Arthur Harbor and were destroyed.

One hundred and forty Russians, they say, were killed.

RAID ON VLADIVOSTOK SQUADRON

ST. PETERSBURG, June 22.—Vice Admiral Skrydloff, commanding the Russian Vladivostok squadron, has submitted a detached report of the squadron's cruise in Japanese waters and the sinking of the Japanese transports Idzumi Maru, Sado Maru, and Hitachi Maru.

He adds that a Japanese cruiser was watching them all the while they were engaged.

RUSSIAN LOSSES AT WAFANTAU

ST. PETERSBURG, June 22.—General Kuropatkin telegraphed to the czar, under date of June 18, as follows:

"General Skrydloff reports that the enemy has not advanced beyond Wafantau (Wafangkow). It is reported that three bodies of Russian troops are extended on a front between Wafantau and Tschonjou. After two days of fighting and two tiring night marches by difficult mountainous roads, the troops are able to rest. Their morale is excellent.

"It is not yet possible to procure precise details of the losses of the regiments. It is known that the first division of the East Siberian Rifles lost fifteen officers killed and forty-nine wounded, twelve of whom were left on the battlefield, killed or wounded. Of the soldiers, 386 were killed and 592 wounded. Of these, 588 killed or wounded were left on the field. In the Thirty-third, Thirty-sixth, and Thirty-eighth regiments one officer and 120 soldiers were killed and nineteen officers and 694 men wounded. Ninety-six of the soldiers were left on the field.

"The First Artillery Brigade lost 10 officers and 138 soldiers killed. The Ninth Artillery Brigade lost 1 officer and 25 soldiers killed. The Tscholok regiment lost 1 officer and 3 soldiers killed, and 1 officer and 49 men wounded. The Marchinsk regiment lost 8 officers and 121 men wounded, 11 men killed and 8 missing.

JAPS MAY HAVE TAKEN LIAO-YANG

NIUCHWANG, June 22.—It is reported here that Japanese cavalry attacked Liao-Yang at a late hour last Saturday. An American missionary here is informed from a native source that the fighting continued on Sunday, and that the town was captured Monday afternoon.

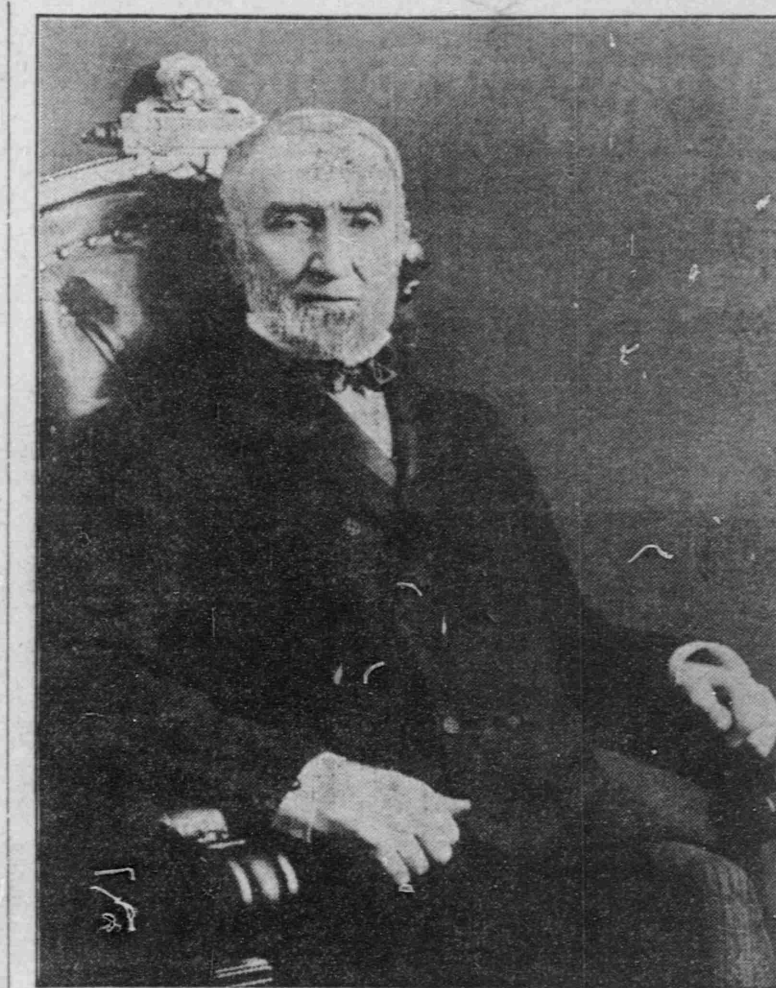
A northeast wind brought sounds of firing from the direction of Hai-Cheng for several hours Monday afternoon. Flashes of artillery were visible in the sky in that direction at night.

5,000 Men Lost.

PARIS, June 22.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the "Petit Journal" states that a private telegram has been received from Liao-Yang saying that a great battle was fought at Hai-Cheng Monday. The Russians are said to have lost 5,000 men.

The "Journal" St. Petersburg correspondent (Continued on Ninth Page.)

RAPID PROGRESS MADE AT CONVENTION TODAY



JOSEPH G. CANNON.
Permanent Chairman of the Republican Convention in Chicago. "Uncle Joe," as he is familiarly called in public life, is one of the most picturesque characters in American politics.

Passenger on Slocum Tells of the Disaster

The Rev. George Schulz Testifies Before the Coroner's Jury—Scores Crew of the Ill-Fated Excursion Steamer.

TREMONT, N. Y., June 22.—The Rev. George Schulz, pastor of St. Luke's Lutheran Church of Erie, Pa., today told the story of the destruction of the steamboat General Slocum to Coroner Berry and jury. Schulz was on the excursion as a guest of St. Mark's Church.

When the fire was first discovered, he said, he saw nothing but a little smoke, but by the time he got to the forward end of the boat the fire had attained great headway.

He testified that none of the members of the crew, so far as he could see, made any effort to get life preservers out for the passengers. He pulled a life preserver from the rack and tried to put it about his waist but it crumbled in his hands and the straps parted.

Could Have Saved Life.

Schulz says he helped a number of children into the first tug that came to the rescue and expressed it as his opinion that if he had had any help from the crew many could have been saved.

He was questioned by members of the jury regarding the condition of the other life preservers on the Slocum, but he did not examine any others as the one he found worthless was taken from the middle of the pile, so he supposed they were all alike.

Franklin Conklin of Catskill, N. Y., the chief engineer of the Slocum, testified that there were no steamships on the Slocum with which to flood the vessel in case of fire and which would never held of any such requirement of the United States marine law. This, too, Schulz said, was a serious matter. He was questioned by the jury as to the chief engineer of the Slocum ever since she has been placed in commission.

Took Charge of Pumps.

Conklin said that when he was notified of the fire by Mate Flannigan he placed his assistant in charge of the engines and went forward and took charge of the fire pumps. He turned them on at full speed and clung to the valves of the donkey engines until driven away by smoke.

He said that water was being pumped into the standpipes for fifteen minutes after he was first told of the fire. When he left the pumps, he testified, he was caught in a rush of frightened passengers and carried bodily to the side, where he jumped on a tag lying along.

"Now, Mr. Conklin," interrupted Assistant District Attorney Garvin, "don't tell me that so soon as you turned on the fire pumps you deserted your post and were the first man to board the Slocum?"

"That's not so," fairly shouted Conklin, "I stayed on the boat until she was beached."

"How could you tell that the fire hose and standpipes were working when you were below decks?"

"He the revolutions of the donkey engines?"

"Had you ever tested the fire hose?"

"Never."

"Was it tested by the Federal Inspector when he examined the Slocum this spring?"

"Not that I know."

"But you would have known if it had been, would you not?"

"I suppose so."

A Safe Steamer.

Cross-examined by Attorney McManus for the steamboat company, witness declared that in his opinion the Slocum was a thoroughly safe boat, saying, "The best I ever was on."

He said there had been no fire drills of the crew of the Slocum this year.

Conklin said he saw the hull inspector at the time the Slocum was inspected, examining the lifeboats and the vessel.

McComas Hands in Work of Credentials Committee.

Cullom Announces Withdrawal of Representative Hitt.

Chicago Catholic Priest Makes the Opening Prayer.

CHICAGO, June 22.—The second day of the big convention was opened at 12:23 by Temporary Chairman Root.

The Rev. Father Thomas E. Cox, a Catholic priest of this city, offered prayer, the entire convention standing. The prayer lasted two minutes.

Immediately afterward Senator McComas of Maryland presented the report of the committee on credentials, in which the Spooner faction was found to have scored a complete victory over Governor La Follette, of Wisconsin, and the "Lily Whites" of Louisiana divided honors with their negro political brothers of that State.

Cannon Named Chairman.

Immediately after presenting his report McComas moved its adoption. It was so done with only one dissenting voice.

At 12:55 W. W. Johnson presented the report of the committee on permanent organization, proposing Speaker Cannon as permanent chairman. The mention of Cannon's name was the signal for an enthusiastic demonstration.

The honor was given "Uncle Joe" by acclamation.

John D. Long, Massachusetts; Senator Cullom, Illinois, and Representative Burton, Ohio, were appointed a committee to escort Speaker Cannon to the platform, which they did amid wild cheering. After the demonstration had subsided the Speaker began his speech which was frequently interrupted by applause.

It was shortly before the convention opened that Senator Cullom announced the withdrawal of Representative Hitt from the Vice Presidential race.

This means that Fairbanks will be nominated by acclamation.

Senator Scott Busy.

It was just 11 o'clock when the doors of Convention Hall were opened this morning. Half an hour before this time Senator Scott of West Virginia was in the hall hustling to get things in preparation for the day.

Half an hour later about fifty delegates had arrived. The leaders were busy at this time with the various committees. Consequently they were late in arriving.

The officers of the convention and newspaper men, as usual, were earliest on the scene. The galleries filled slowly.

Today a large oil painting of the President smiled on the convention from the platform.

Portrait on the Stage.

The first prominent arrival was Senator Allison. He was recognized by the crowd and cheered.

The prominent Republicans looked tired out, after their all-night conferences, when they entered the hall. There were few demonstrations as the big men who control party politics in the several States marched in and sought their seats.

There was shown on all sides a strong disposition to finish the business of the convention today. Ex-Governor Black of New York was especially desirous of getting home. To add to this much dissatisfaction exists among national committeemen in the way the local committee failed to fill the hall.

ENTHUSIASM IS NOT RESTRAINED

CHICAGO, June 22.—The second day of the great Republican National Convention opened bright and cool. It has been ideal convention weather, and at no time, before the middle of sessions, have the delegates been uncomfortable on account of the atmospheric conditions.

The ventilation is good in the big Coliseum hall. Way up in the roof is a double row of open windows, which, while admitting the air, has also furnished admittance for a large number of sparrows who have built their nests in the nooks and crannies of the steel girders.

Birds Make Noise.

The chirping of these birds resounds loudly through the hall in the early morning, before the assembling of delegates and spectators. After the latter arrive they do the noise-making themselves.

And considering the fact that there is no great light and no stifling heat either morning, before the assembling of delegates or results, and no possibility of surprise, it is really remarkable that the delegates have been able to develop as much noise-producing power as was demonstrated yesterday and today.

The enthusiasm, while not so hysterical as has been seen in other conventions, is of the genuine quality. It has required no claptrap devices to develop it. The marshaling of solid facts, the record of achievements, the relation of things done—in this, the Republican delegates have found sufficient cause for rejoicing and for cheering themselves hoarse.

Satisfied With President.

Conviction that their party has been and is right and that President Roosevelt is the popular candidate of the